FORM No. 31
[See rule 132(3)]

Report of Dangerous occurrence which does not result in bodily injury

Registration No. : 
Licence No. : 
NIC Code No. : 
(As given in the licence)

1. Name and address of factory : 
2. Name, address and telephone number of occupier: 
3. Name of the manager : 
4. Nature of industry : 
5. Department/section and exact place where the dangerous occurrence took place : 
6. Date and hour of dangerous occurrence: 
7. (a) Type of dangerous occurrence (see over leaf) : 
   (b) Did it involve : Explosion ☐ Fire ☐ emission of toxic/flammable explosive substances ☐ substances emitted ☐ 
8. State exactly what happened : 

I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief the above particulars are correct in every respect.

Signature of manager 
Name (in block letters): 
Address and Tel. No.: 

Date of despatch of report: 

(To be completed by the Inspector of Factories)

1. Date of receipt of the report : 

2. District : 

3. (a) Number allotted to the dangerous occurrence not involving injury and/or death : 
(b) Number allotted to “Major Accident” not involving reportable injuries and/or death : 

4. Date of investigation : 

5. Cause : 

6. NIC-Code (as given in the licence) : 

7. Result of investigation : 

Date: 

Signature of the Inspector 
Name (in block letters) 

SCHEDULE 

The following classes of dangerous occurrences, whether or not they are attended by personal injury or disablement:-

(1) Bursting of a plant used for containing or supplying steam under pressure greater than atmospheric pressure. 

(2) Collapse or failure of a crane, derrick, winch, hoist or other appliances used in raising or lowering persons or goods, or part thereof, or the overturning of a crane. 

(3) Explosions, fire, bursting out, leakage or escape of any molten metal or hot liquor or gas causing body injury to any person or damage to any room or place in which persons are employed, or fire in rooms of cotton pressing factories when a cotton opener is in use. 

(4) Explosion of a receiver or container used for the storage at a pressure greater than atmospheric pressure of any gas or gases (including air) or any liquid or solid resulting from the compression of gas. 

(5) Collapse or subsidence of any floor, gallery, roof, bridge, tunnel, chimney, wall, building or any other structure.